



THE ENERGY ACCOUNTS OF THE PHILIPPINES aims to provide information on the volume and value of coal, oil, natural gas, and condensate resources in the country.

Energy resources are classified according to three criteria affecting their likelihood of extraction: **Economic and social viability (E)**, **Field project status and feasibility (F)**, **Geological knowledge (G)**

 **Class A:** Commercially recoverable resources

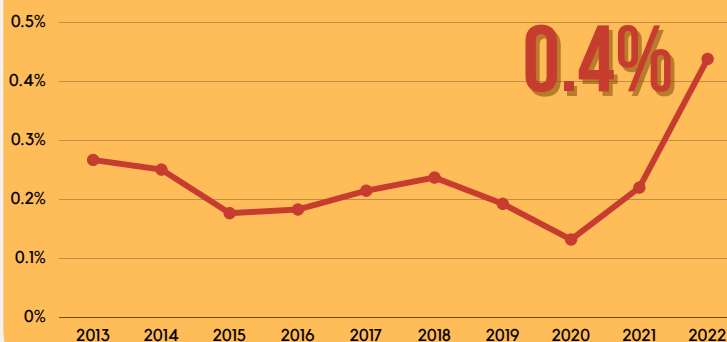
 **Class B:** Potentially commercially recoverable resources

 **Class C:** Non-commercial and other known deposits

Source: UN Framework for Classification for Fossil Energy and Mineral Reserves and Resources (UNFC-2009)

NON-RENEWABLE ENERGY RESOURCE RENT (% OF GDP)

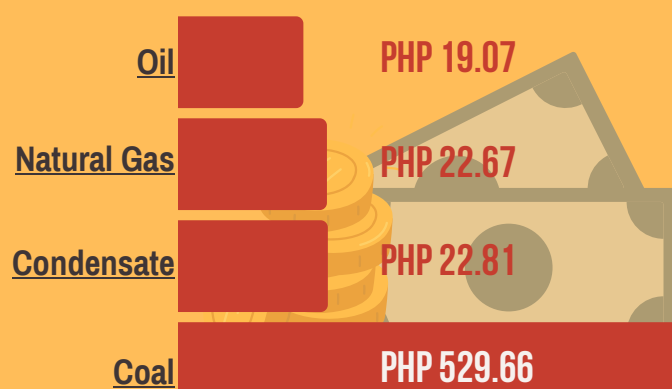
Non-renewable Energy Resources contributed



to the overall economic activity of the country.

MONETARY VALUE OF CLASS A ENERGY RESOURCE

in billion PhP



STOCK OF CLASS A COAL RESERVES

COAL
349.61
million metric tons

EXTRACTIONS

16.11
million metric tons



STOCK OF CLASS A NATURAL GAS RESERVES

NATURAL GAS
100.21
billion cubic feet

EXTRACTIONS

112.17
billion cubic feet



STOCK OF CLASS A OIL RESERVES

OIL
30.91
million barrels

EXTRACTIONS

558.28
thousand barrels



STOCK OF CLASS A CONDENSATE RESERVES

CONDENSATE
6.71
million barrels

EXTRACTIONS

2.71
million barrels